



## SAFETY DATA SHEET

### Purple Stuff

According to Preparation of Safety Data Sheets for Hazardous Chemicals Code of Practice, February 2016

#### SECTION 1: Identification: Product identifier and chemical identity

##### Product identifier

**Product name** Purple Stuff

##### Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

**Application** Car maintenance product. - Polish.

**Uses advised against** No specific uses advised against are identified.

##### Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

**Supplier** Autosmart Australia  
 11 Darrambal Close  
 Rathmines  
 NSW 2283  
 Australia  
[www.autosmartaustralia.com.au](http://www.autosmartaustralia.com.au)  
 Tel: 02 49 75 14 88 (Mon to Fri, 08:00 - 16:00 AEST) (General Information. Transport Information. Mild Medical Information)  
[autosmart@autosmartaustralia.com.au](mailto:autosmart@autosmartaustralia.com.au)

**Contact Person** Mr. Russell Butler

##### Emergency telephone number

**Emergency telephone** Emergency No: +44 7808 971321 (24hrs) (Autosmart International, UK)  
 General Information. Transport Information. Mild medical Information:-  
 Tel: 02 49 75 14 88 (Mon to Fri, 08:00 - 16:00 AEST)

**National emergency telephone number** Poison Information Hotline: 13 11 26

#### SECTION 2: Hazard(s) identification

##### Classification of the substance or mixture

**Physical hazards** Flam. Liq. 4 - H227

**Health hazards** Acute Tox. 4 - H332 Skin Irrit. 2 - H315

**Environmental hazards** Aquatic Acute 2 - H401 Aquatic Chronic 3 - H412

##### Label elements

##### Hazard pictograms



**Signal word** WARNING

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<b>Hazard statements</b>	H227 Combustible liquid. H332 Harmful if inhaled. H315 Causes skin irritation. H401 Toxic to aquatic life. H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
<b>Precautionary statements</b>	P102 Keep out of reach of children. P103 Read label before use. P101 If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand. P210 Keep away from heat/ sparks/ open flames/ hot surfaces. - No smoking. P261 Avoid breathing vapour/ spray. P273 Avoid release to the environment. P280 Wear protective gloves, eye and face protection. P403+P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
<b>Supplemental label information</b>	For professional users only. AUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.
<b>Contains</b>	XYLENE

### Other hazards

This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT (persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic) or vPvB (very persistent and very bioaccumulative).

### SECTION 3: Composition and information on ingredients

#### Mixtures

<b>XYLENE</b> <span style="float: right;"><b>30&lt;50%</b></span> CAS number: 1330-20-7 Substance with a Community workplace exposure limit.
<b>Classification</b> Flam. Liq. 3 - H226 Acute Tox. 4 - H312 Acute Tox. 4 - H332 Skin Irrit. 2 - H315
<b>Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy</b> <span style="float: right;"><b>5&lt;10%</b></span> CAS number: 64742-82-1
<b>Classification</b> Flam. Liq. 3 - H226 STOT SE 3 - H336 Asp. Tox. 1 - H304 Aquatic Chronic 2 - H411
<b>Distillates (petroleum), hydro- treated light</b> <span style="float: right;"><b>0.7&lt;1.0%</b></span> CAS number: 64742-47-8
<b>Classification</b> Flam. Liq. 4 - H227 Asp. Tox. 1 - H304

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<b>2,2'-(Octadec-9-enylimino)bisethanol</b> CAS number: 25307-17-9 M factor (Acute) = 10                      M factor (Chronic) = 1	<b>0.5&lt;0.7%</b>
<b>Classification</b> Acute Tox. 4 - H302 Skin Corr. 1B - H314 Eye Dam. 1 - H318 Aquatic Acute 1 - H400 Aquatic Chronic 1 - H410	
<b>Dicocodimethylammonium chloride</b> CAS number: 61789-77-3 M factor (Acute) = 1	<b>0.2&lt;0.5%</b>
<b>Classification</b> Acute Tox. 4 - H302 Skin Corr. 1B - H314 Eye Dam. 1 - H318 Aquatic Acute 1 - H400 Aquatic Chronic 2 - H411	

The full text for all hazard statements is displayed in Section 16.

### SECTION 4: First aid measures

#### Description of first aid measures

<b>General information</b>	Get medical attention if any discomfort continues. Show this Safety Data Sheet to the medical personnel.
<b>Inhalation</b>	Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as collar, tie or belt. When breathing is difficult, properly trained personnel may assist affected person by administering oxygen. Get medical attention. Place unconscious person on their side in the recovery position and ensure breathing can take place.
<b>Ingestion</b>	Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell. Do not induce vomiting unless under the direction of medical personnel.
<b>Skin Contact</b>	Rinse with water.
<b>Eye contact</b>	Rinse with water. Get medical attention if any discomfort continues.
<b>Protection of first aiders</b>	First aid personnel should wear appropriate protective equipment during any rescue.

#### Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

<b>General information</b>	The severity of the symptoms described will vary dependent on the concentration and the length of exposure.
<b>Inhalation</b>	A single exposure may cause the following adverse effects: Headache. Exhaustion and weakness.
<b>Ingestion</b>	May cause irritation.
<b>Skin contact</b>	Redness. Irritating to skin.
<b>Eye contact</b>	No specific symptoms known. May be slightly irritating to eyes.

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### Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

**Notes for the doctor** Treat symptomatically.

### **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

#### Extinguishing media

**Suitable extinguishing media** The product is not flammable. Extinguish with alcohol-resistant foam, carbon dioxide, dry powder or water fog. Use fire-extinguishing media suitable for the surrounding fire.

**Unsuitable extinguishing media** Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

#### Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

**Specific hazards** Containers can burst violently or explode when heated, due to excessive pressure build-up. This product is toxic.

**Hazardous combustion products** Thermal decomposition or combustion products may include the following substances: Toxic gases or vapours.

#### Advice for firefighters

**Protective actions during firefighting** Avoid breathing fire gases or vapours. Evacuate area. Keep upwind to avoid inhalation of gases, vapours, fumes and smoke. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Cool containers exposed to heat with water spray and remove them from the fire area if it can be done without risk. Cool containers exposed to flames with water until well after the fire is out. If a leak or spill has not ignited, use water spray to disperse vapours and protect men stopping the leak. Avoid discharge to the aquatic environment. Control run-off water by containing and keeping it out of sewers and watercourses. If risk of water pollution occurs, notify appropriate authorities.

**Special protective equipment for firefighters** Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and appropriate protective clothing. Firefighter's clothing conforming to Australia/New Zealand Standards AS/NZS 4967 (for clothing) AS/NZS 1801 (for helmets), AS/NZS 4821 (for protective boots), AS/NZS 1801 (for protective gloves) will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

#### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

**Personal precautions** Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. No action shall be taken without appropriate training or involving any personal risk. Avoid inhalation of dust and vapours. Use suitable respiratory protection if ventilation is inadequate.

#### Environmental precautions

**Environmental precautions** Immiscible with water. Aquatic toxicity is unlikely to occur. However, large or frequent spills may have hazardous effects on the environment. Absorb spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material. Avoid discharge into drains or watercourses or onto the ground. Avoid discharge to the aquatic environment.

#### Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

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### Methods for cleaning up

Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Clear up spills immediately and dispose of waste safely. Provide adequate ventilation. If the product is soluble in water, dilute the spillage with water and mop it up. Alternatively, or if it is not water-soluble, absorb the spillage with an inert, dry material and place it in a suitable waste disposal container. The contaminated absorbent may pose the same hazard as the spilled material. Label the containers containing waste and contaminated materials and remove from the area as soon as possible. Flush contaminated area with plenty of water. Wash thoroughly after dealing with a spillage. Dangerous for the environment. Do not empty into drains. For waste disposal, see Section 13.

### Reference to other sections

#### Reference to other sections

For personal protection, see Section 8. See Section 11 for additional information on health hazards. See Section 12 for additional information on ecological hazards. For waste disposal, see Section 13.

## SECTION 7: Handling and storage, including how the chemical may be safely used

### Precautions for safe handling

#### Usage precautions

Keep out of the reach of children. Read and follow manufacturer's recommendations. Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs. Handle all packages and containers carefully to minimise spills. Keep container tightly sealed when not in use. Avoid the formation of mists. Avoid discharge to the aquatic environment. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not handle broken packages without protective equipment. Do not reuse empty containers.

#### Advice on general occupational hygiene

Wash promptly if skin becomes contaminated. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

### Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

#### Storage precautions

Keep out of the reach of children. Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs. Keep only in the original container. Keep container tightly closed, in a cool, well ventilated place. Keep containers upright. Protect containers from damage.

#### Storage class

Toxic storage.

### Specific end use(s)

#### Specific end use(s)

The identified uses for this product are detailed in Section 1.

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls and personal protection

### Control parameters

#### Occupational exposure limits

#### XYLENE

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): NOHSC 80 ppm 350 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): NOHSC 150 ppm 655 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

NOHSC = The National Occupational Health and Safety Commission.

#### Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy (CAS: 64742-82-1)

#### Ingredient comments

No exposure limits known for ingredient(s).

### Exposure controls

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### Protective equipment



#### Appropriate engineering controls

Provide adequate ventilation.

#### Eye/face protection

Avoid contact with eyes. Large Spillages: Eyewear complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates eye contact is possible.

#### Hand protection

Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates skin contact is possible. The most suitable glove should be chosen in consultation with the glove supplier/manufacture, who can provide information about the breakthrough time of the glove material. The breakthrough time for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. To protect hands from chemicals, gloves should comply with Australia/New Zealand Standard AS/NZS 2161. Considering the data specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are retaining their protective properties and change them as soon as any deterioration is detected. Frequent changes are recommended. The choice of protective gloves depends upon the chemicals being handled, and the conditions of work and use. When used with mixtures, the protection time of gloves cannot be accurately estimated. Gloves made from the following material may provide suitable chemical protection: Nitrile rubber. Thickness: >0.2mm The selected gloves should have a breakthrough time of at least 0.5 hours. Glove thickness is not necessarily a good measure of glove resistance as the permeation rate will depend on the exact glove composition. Repeated exposure to chemicals will degrade the ability of the glove to provide resistance to chemicals. Specific work environments and material handling practices may vary, therefore safety procedures should be developed for each intended application. Use thin cotton gloves inside natural rubber gloves if there is an allergy risk to natural rubber.

#### Hygiene measures

Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

#### Respiratory protection

No specific recommendations. Provide adequate ventilation. Large Spillages: If ventilation is inadequate, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

#### Environmental exposure controls

Keep container tightly sealed when not in use. Avoid release to the environment.

### SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

#### Information on basic physical and chemical properties

**Appearance** Slightly viscous liquid.

**Colour** Purple.

**Odour** Solvent.

**pH** Not applicable.

**Initial boiling point and range** Not available.

**Flash point** > 62°C Closed cup.

**Relative density** ~ 1.175 @ 20°C

**Solubility(ies)** Insoluble in water.

**Comments** Information declared as "Not available" or "Not applicable" is not considered to be relevant to the implementation of the proper control measures.

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### SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

<b>Reactivity</b>	There are no known reactivity hazards associated with this product.
<b>Stability</b>	Stable at normal ambient temperatures and when used as recommended. Stable under the prescribed storage conditions.
<b>Possibility of hazardous reactions</b>	No potentially hazardous reactions known.
<b>Conditions to avoid</b>	Avoid excessive heat for prolonged periods of time. Containers can burst violently or explode when heated, due to excessive pressure build-up.
<b>Materials to avoid</b>	No specific material or group of materials is likely to react with the product to produce a hazardous situation.
<b>Hazardous decomposition products</b>	Does not decompose when used and stored as recommended. Thermal decomposition or combustion products may include the following substances: Toxic gases or vapours.

### SECTION 11: Toxicological information

#### Information on toxicological effects

##### Acute toxicity - oral

**Notes (oral LD<sub>50</sub>)** Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

##### Acute toxicity - dermal

**Notes (dermal LD<sub>50</sub>)** Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

**ATE dermal (mg/kg)** 2,200.0

##### Acute toxicity - inhalation

**Notes (inhalation LC<sub>50</sub>)** Acute Tox. 4 - H332 Harmful if inhaled.

**ATE inhalation (dusts/mists mg/l)** 3.0

##### Skin corrosion/irritation

**Animal data** Irritating.

##### Serious eye damage/irritation

**Serious eye damage/irritation** Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

##### Respiratory sensitisation

**Respiratory sensitisation** Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

##### Skin sensitisation

**Skin sensitisation** Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

##### Germ cell mutagenicity

**Genotoxicity - in vitro** Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

##### Carcinogenicity

**Carcinogenicity** Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

##### **IARC carcinogenicity**

Contains a substance which may be potentially carcinogenic. IARC Group 3 Not classifiable as to its carcinogenicity to humans.

##### Reproductive toxicity

**Reproductive toxicity - fertility** Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

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**Reproductive toxicity - development** Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

### Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

**STOT - single exposure** Not classified as a specific target organ toxicant after a single exposure.

### Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

**STOT - repeated exposure** Not classified as a specific target organ toxicant after repeated exposure.

### Aspiration hazard

**Aspiration hazard** Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

**General information** The severity of the symptoms described will vary dependent on the concentration and the length of exposure.

**Inhalation** A single exposure may cause the following adverse effects: Headache. Exhaustion and weakness.

**Ingestion** May cause irritation.

**Skin Contact** Redness. Irritating to skin.

**Eye contact** No specific symptoms known.

**Route of exposure** Ingestion Inhalation Skin and/or eye contact

**Target Organs** No specific target organs known.

### Toxicological information on ingredients.

#### XYLENE

##### Acute toxicity - oral

**Acute toxicity oral (LD<sub>50</sub> mg/kg)** 4,300.0

**Species** Rat

**Notes (oral LD<sub>50</sub>)** Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

##### Acute toxicity - dermal

**Acute toxicity dermal (LD<sub>50</sub> mg/kg)** 2,000.0

**Species** Rabbit

**Notes (dermal LD<sub>50</sub>)** Acute Tox. 4 - H312 Harmful in contact with skin.

**ATE dermal (mg/kg)** 1,100.0

##### Acute toxicity - inhalation

**Notes (inhalation LC<sub>50</sub>)** Acute Tox. 4 - H332 Harmful if inhaled.

**ATE inhalation (dusts/mists mg/l)** 1.5

##### Skin corrosion/irritation

**Animal data** Irritating.

##### Serious eye damage/irritation

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<b>Serious eye damage/irritation</b>	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
<b><u>Respiratory sensitisation</u></b>	
<b>Respiratory sensitisation</b>	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
<b><u>Skin sensitisation</u></b>	
<b>Skin sensitisation</b>	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
<b><u>Germ cell mutagenicity</u></b>	
<b>Genotoxicity - in vitro</b>	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
<b>Genotoxicity - in vivo</b>	Not available.
<b><u>Carcinogenicity</u></b>	
<b>Carcinogenicity</b>	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
<b>IARC carcinogenicity</b>	IARC Group 3 Not classifiable as to its carcinogenicity to humans.
<b><u>Reproductive toxicity</u></b>	
<b>Reproductive toxicity - fertility</b>	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
<b>Reproductive toxicity - development</b>	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
<b><u>Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure</u></b>	
<b>STOT - single exposure</b>	Not classified as a specific target organ toxicant after a single exposure.
<b><u>Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure</u></b>	
<b>STOT - repeated exposure</b>	Not classified as a specific target organ toxicant after repeated exposure.
<b>Target organs</b>	Respiratory system, lungs
<b><u>Aspiration hazard</u></b>	
<b>Aspiration hazard</b>	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
<b><u>General information</u></b>	
<b>General information</b>	The severity of the symptoms described will vary dependent on the concentration and the length of exposure.
<b>Inhalation</b>	A single exposure may cause the following adverse effects: Headache. Exhaustion and weakness.
<b>Ingestion</b>	May cause irritation.
<b>Skin Contact</b>	Redness. Irritating to skin.
<b>Eye contact</b>	No specific symptoms known.
<b>Route of exposure</b>	Ingestion Inhalation Skin and/or eye contact
<b>Target Organs</b>	No specific target organs known.
	<b><u>Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy</u></b>
<b>Other health effects</b>	There is no evidence that the product can cause cancer.

### **Distillates (petroleum), hydro- treated light**

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### Acute toxicity - oral

Acute toxicity oral (LD<sub>50</sub> mg/kg) 5,000.0

Species Rat

### Acute toxicity - dermal

Acute toxicity dermal (LD<sub>50</sub> mg/kg) 2,000.0

Species Rabbit

### Skin corrosion/irritation

Animal data Erythema/eschar score: No erythema (0). Oedema score: No oedema (0). Not irritating.

Human skin model test Not available.

### Serious eye damage/irritation

Serious eye damage/irritation Not irritating.

### Respiratory sensitisation

Respiratory sensitisation There is no evidence that the material can lead to respiratory hypersensitivity.

### Skin sensitisation

Skin sensitisation Buehler test: - Guinea pig: Not sensitising.

### Germ cell mutagenicity

Genotoxicity - in vitro : Negative. This substance has no evidence of mutagenic properties.

Genotoxicity - in vivo : Negative. This substance has no evidence of mutagenic properties.

### Carcinogenicity

Carcinogenicity There is no evidence that the product can cause cancer.

### Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

STOT - repeated exposure NOAEL 750 mg/kg, Oral, Rat

Inhalation No specific health hazards known.

Ingestion Harmful: may cause lung damage if swallowed. Entry into the lungs following ingestion or vomiting may cause chemical pneumonitis.

Skin Contact No specific health hazards known.

Eye contact No specific health hazards known.

Medical Symptoms Skin irritation.

### Dicocodimethylammonium chloride

Other health effects There is no evidence that the product can cause cancer.

## SECTION 12: Ecological information

### Ecological information on ingredients.

## Purple Stuff

### XYLENE

**Ecotoxicity** The product components are not classified as environmentally hazardous. However, large or frequent spills may have hazardous effects on the environment.

#### Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy

**Ecotoxicity** The product contains a substance which is toxic to aquatic organisms and which may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

#### Distillates (petroleum), hydro- treated light

**Ecotoxicity** The product components are not classified as environmentally hazardous. However, large or frequent spills may have hazardous effects on the environment.

#### 2,2'-(Octadec-9-enylimino)bisethanol

**Ecotoxicity** The product contains a substance which is very toxic to aquatic organisms.

**Toxicity** Aquatic Chronic 3 - H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

### Ecological information on ingredients.

### XYLENE

#### Acute aquatic toxicity

**Acute toxicity - fish** LC<sub>50</sub>, 96 hours: 4.2 mg/l, Oncorhynchus mykiss (Rainbow trout)

**Acute toxicity - aquatic invertebrates** EC<sub>50</sub>, 48 hours: > 2.93 mg/l, Daphnia magna

#### Chronic aquatic toxicity

**Chronic toxicity - fish early life stage** NOEC, : 3.3 mg/l, Menidia peninsulae (Tidewater silverside)

**Chronic toxicity - aquatic invertebrates** NOEC, : 6.8 mg/l, Daphnia magna

#### Distillates (petroleum), hydro- treated light

#### Acute aquatic toxicity

**Acute toxicity - fish** LC<sub>50</sub>, 96 hours: > 2-5 mg/l, Fish

**Acute toxicity - aquatic invertebrates** EC<sub>50</sub>, 48 hours: 1.4 mg/l, Daphnia magna

**Acute toxicity - aquatic plants** IC<sub>50</sub>, 72 hours: 1-3 mg/l, Algae

#### 2,2'-(Octadec-9-enylimino)bisethanol

#### Acute aquatic toxicity

**LE(C)<sub>50</sub>** 0.01 < L(E)C<sub>50</sub> ≤ 0.1

**M factor (Acute)** 10

**Acute toxicity - fish** LC<sub>50</sub>, 96 hours: 0.39 mg/l, Fish

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**Acute toxicity - aquatic invertebrates** EC<sub>50</sub>, 48 hours: 0.1 mg/l, Daphnia magna

**Acute toxicity - aquatic plants** IC<sub>50</sub>, 72 hours: 0.01-0.1 mg/l, Algae

### Chronic aquatic toxicity

**M factor (Chronic)** 1

### Dicocodimethylammonium chloride

#### Acute aquatic toxicity

**LE(C)<sub>50</sub>** 0.1 < L(E)C<sub>50</sub> ≤ 1

**M factor (Acute)** 1

**Acute toxicity - fish** LC<sub>50</sub>, 96 hours: 0.195 mg/l, Fish

**Acute toxicity - aquatic invertebrates** EC<sub>50</sub>, 48 hours: 0.01-0.1 mg/l, Daphnia magna

### Persistence and degradability

**Persistence and degradability** The degradability of the product is not known.

### Ecological information on ingredients.

#### XYLENE

**Persistence and degradability** Volatile substances are degraded in the atmosphere within a few days.

#### Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy

**Persistence and degradability** Volatile substances are degraded in the atmosphere within a few days.

#### 2,2'-(Octadec-9-enylimino)bisethanol

**Persistence and degradability** The product is readily biodegradable.

#### Dicocodimethylammonium chloride

**Persistence and degradability** The product is biodegradable.

### Bioaccumulative potential

**Bioaccumulative Potential** No data available on bioaccumulation.

### Ecological information on ingredients.

#### XYLENE

**Bioaccumulative Potential** The product contains potentially bioaccumulating substances.

**Partition coefficient** log Pow: ~ 3.12

#### Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy

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**Bioaccumulative Potential** Bioaccumulation is unlikely to be significant because of the low water-solubility of this product.

### Distillates (petroleum), hydro- treated light

**Bioaccumulative Potential** Bioaccumulation is unlikely to be significant because of the low water-solubility of this product.

### 2,2'-(Octadec-9-enylimino)bisethanol

**Bioaccumulative Potential** No data available on bioaccumulation.

### Dicocodimethylammonium chloride

**Bioaccumulative Potential** The product does not contain any substances expected to be bioaccumulating.

### Mobility in soil

**Mobility** The product is insoluble in water. The product contains volatile substances which may spread in the atmosphere.

### Ecological information on ingredients.

#### XYLENE

**Mobility** The product contains volatile organic compounds (VOCs) which will evaporate easily from all surfaces.

#### Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy

**Mobility** The product contains volatile organic compounds (VOCs) which will evaporate easily from all surfaces.

#### Distillates (petroleum), hydro- treated light

**Mobility** The product contains volatile organic compounds (VOCs) which will evaporate easily from all surfaces. The product is insoluble in water and will spread on the water surface.

**Henry's law constant** Not available.

#### Dicocodimethylammonium chloride

**Mobility** The product is soluble in water.

### Other adverse effects

**Other adverse effects** None known.

## SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

### Waste treatment methods

**General information** The generation of waste should be minimised or avoided wherever possible. Reuse or recycle products wherever possible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. When handling waste, the safety precautions applying to handling of the product should be considered. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been thoroughly cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues and hence be potentially hazardous.

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**Disposal methods** Dispose of waste to licensed waste disposal site in accordance with the requirements of the local Waste Disposal Authority.

### SECTION 14: Transport information

**General** The product is not covered by international regulations on the transport of dangerous goods (IMDG, IATA, ADG).

**UN number**

Not applicable.

**UN proper shipping name**

Not applicable.

**Transport hazard class(es)**

No transport warning sign required.

**Packing group**

Not applicable.

**Environmental hazards**

**Environmentally hazardous substance/marine pollutant**

No.

**Special precautions for user**

Not applicable.

**Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code** Not applicable.

### SECTION 15: Regulatory information

**Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture**

**Schedule (SUSMP)** Schedule 5. Caution.

**Inventories**

**Australia - AICS**

All the ingredients are listed or exempt.

### SECTION 16: Any other relevant information

**Training advice** Read and follow manufacturer's recommendations.

**Revision comments** NOTE: Lines within the margin indicate significant changes from the previous revision.

**Issued by** Prepared by Autosmart International Ltd, Lynn Lane, Shenstone, Lichfield, Staffordshire, WS14 0DH, Great Britain.  
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**Revision date** 19/05/2021

**Revision** 2

**Supersedes date** 11/11/2016

## Purple Stuff

<b>SDS No.</b>	21333
<b>SDS status</b>	Approved.
<b>Hazard statements in full</b>	H226 Flammable liquid and vapour. H227 Combustible liquid. H302 Harmful if swallowed. H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. H312 Harmful in contact with skin. H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. H315 Causes skin irritation. H318 Causes serious eye damage. H332 Harmful if inhaled. H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness. H400 Very toxic to aquatic life. H401 Toxic to aquatic life. H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

This information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process. Such information is, to the best of the company's knowledge and belief, accurate and reliable as of the date indicated. However, no warranty, guarantee or representation is made to its accuracy, reliability or completeness. It is the user's responsibility to satisfy himself as to the suitability of such information for his own particular use.